



# KARE GENDER PAY GAP REPORT

Snapshot Date 30 June 2022

## Gender Pay Gap “GPG”

The GPG refers to the difference in the average hourly pay of females compared to males in a particular organisation and is designed to capture the extent to which women are evenly represented across an organisation.

## The Legislation

The Gender Pay Gap Information Act 2021 (the “Act”) was signed into law on 13 July 2021. The Act amends the Employment Equality Acts 1998 to 2015 in the form of the Employment Equality Act 1998 (Section 20A) (Gender Pay Gap Information) Regulations 2022 (“the Regulations”).

## Our Report

The report on the snapshot date must be published setting out the reasons for such differences and the measures being taken or proposed to eliminate or reduce such differences.

The snapshot date is a date determined in June and the detail must be published within 6 months of that date for the previous 12 months. For example, if you choose a snapshot date of 30 June 2022, you must publish by 30 December 2022 and your reporting will be for payrolls from June 2021 to June 2022.

The following must be included in the Report;

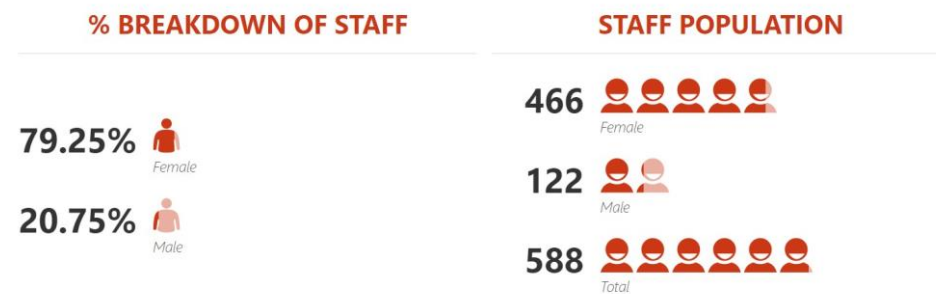
- the difference between the
  - mean hourly rate for all men and that for all women
  - median hourly rate for all men and that for all women
  - mean bonus for all men and that for all women
  - median bonus for all men and that for all women
  - mean hourly rate of part-time men and that of part-time women
  - median hourly rate of part-time men and that of part-time women
  - mean hourly rate of men on temporary contact and that of women on temporary contact
  - median hourly rate of men on temporary contact and that of women on temporary contact
  - the % of men paid bonus and the % of women paid bonus
  - the % of men in receipt of BIK and the % of women in receipt of BIK
- and the % of male employees and % of female employees who fall within;
  - Lower remuneration quartile pay band
  - Lower middle remuneration quartile pay band
  - Upper middle remuneration quartile pay band
  - Upper remuneration quartile pay band

## Context

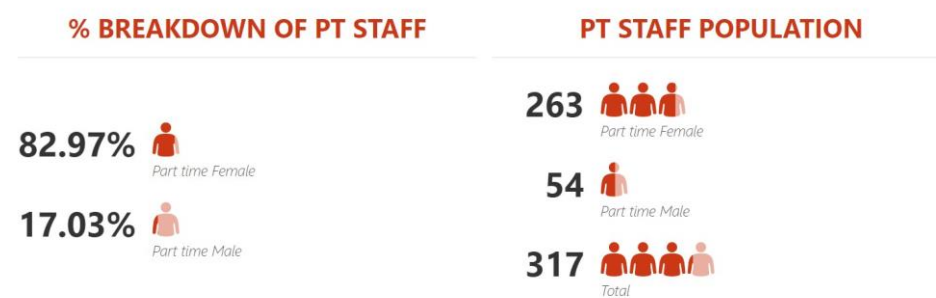
KARE is a Section 38 funded organisation. All staff appointed to employment in KARE are aligned to the HSE Consolidated Pay Scales. New staff joining our organisation may be entitled to incremental credit depending on their experience. All staff receive an annual increment and move a point on their scale until they reach the maximum point on scale. The Gender Pay Gap arises as a result of the point on scale of the individual based on years of service, not the Gender. Therefore, KARE cannot take any actions to close the Gender Pay Gap.

## OUR SNAPSHOT DATA FOR 30 JUNE 2022

All Staff:



Part time Staff "PT STAFF":



## Gender Pay Gap Snapshot:

	All Staff		Part Time Staff	
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median
<b>Hourly Rate</b>	-2.39%	-6.86%	-16.11%	-12.67%
<b>Bonus</b>	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>BIK</b>	0%	0%	0%	0%
<b>Temp Contractors</b>	0%	0%	0%	0%

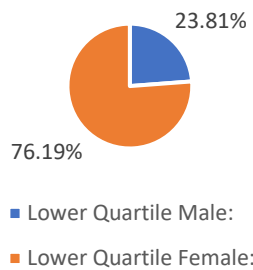
\* The minus figures reflect that Female staff are paid higher than Male staff. A positive variance would reflect the opposite.

- Mean gender pay gap – the difference between the mean (average) hourly rate of pay of male employees and that of female employees. The mean hourly rate of pay for males is 2.39% (16.11% Part Time Staff) less than females.
- For all staff the variance of -2.39% does not warrant any further investigation. As noted in the context, KARE appoints all staff onto their relevant grade on the HSE Consolidated Pay Scales and staff are awarded an annual increment.
- Median gender pay gap – the difference between the median (middle) hourly rate of pay of all male employees and that of female employees. The median hourly rate of pay for males is 6.86% (12.67% Part Time Staff) less than females.
- The key variances in mean and median hourly rates for PT Staff can be attributed to the types of roles female staff work part time vs males. There are more female staff who choose to work part time in higher paid roles than males. Male staff who choose to work part time are on lower paid scales. The highest hourly rate paid to a female part time staff is €48.97 vs €22.11 paid to the highest paid male part time staff member.

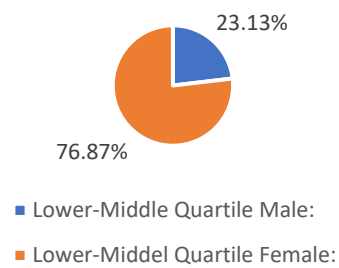
## Quartile Pay Bands

The following outlines the breakdown by gender in each quartile. Employees are divided into four equal quartiles based on their hourly rate – Lower, Lower Middle, Upper Middle and Upper. Each quartile represents 25% of the workforce.

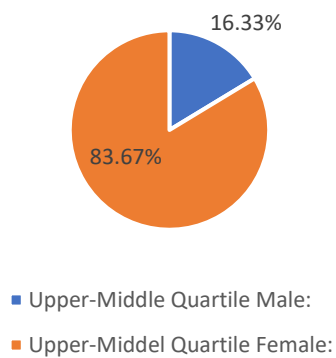
### Lower Quartile



### Lower Middle Quartile



### Upper Middle Quartile



### Upper Quartile

